



aecm
EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION OF GUARANTEE INSTITUTIONS

REPRESENTATIVE OF GUARANTEE INSTITUTIONS IN EUROPE

- fostering SMEs' growth

European Association of Guarantee Institutions

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GUARANTEE INSTRUMENT UNDER SHARED MANAGEMENT

HOW DOES IT WORK?

ESIF MANAGING AUTHORITY (ESIF Programmes)

FUNDING



RETURNS

GUARANTEE INSTITUTION (GI)

GUARANTEE
and in case of default
PAYMENT



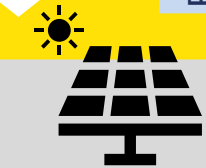
BANK

LOAN

REPAYMENT

LOAN

REPAYMENT



FINAL
RECIPIENTS



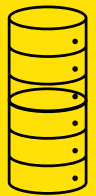
FINAL
RECIPIENTS

PREMIUM

RISK SHARING

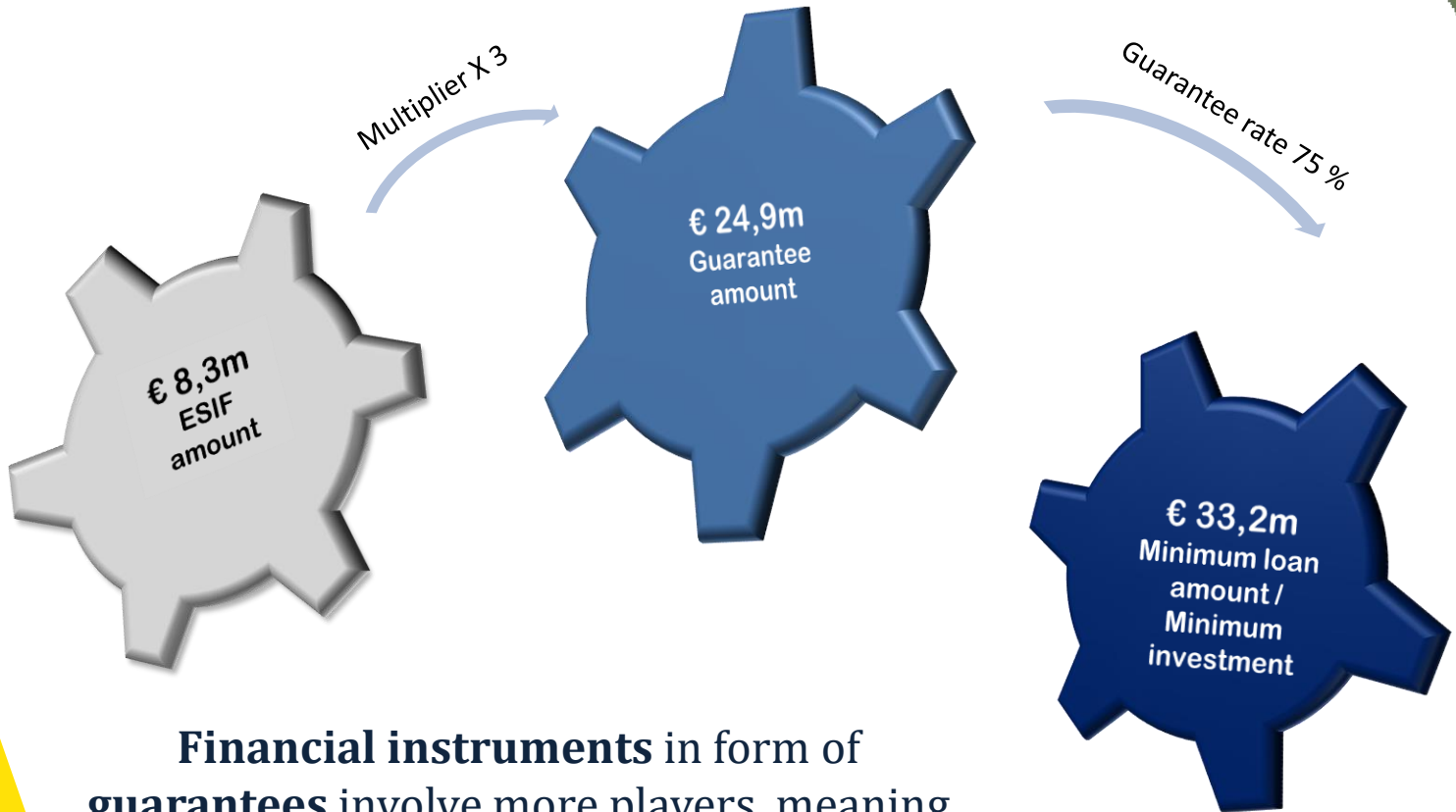


Bank carries
at least 20%
of the risk



GI covers
up to 80%
of the loan

LEVERAGE EFFECT



Financial instruments in form of **guarantees** involve more players, meaning the more often the risk is shared, the **higher** the **leverage effect** becomes and the more **budget efficient** the public money is used



GUARANTEE INSTRUMENT

FOR PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

- **Efficient way to implement public policy objectives** e.g. public support for specific sectors, especially when:
 - High collateral requirements by banks
 - Aversion of banks to finance riskier projects
 - Tightening of lending conditions stemming from regulatory pressure.
- **Cost efficient** due to risk sharing
- **High leverage effect** due to several players involved
- **Revolving effect** - money generated through repayments can be reused for further investments
- Impact studies prove that the costs caused by a guarantee institution are outweighed by the **positive impact** it has especially **on growth, employment and innovation** (according to a German impact study from 2021 **the cost-benefit ratio is 1:17**)

FOR SMEs

- **Access to finance** for economically sound projects, including riskier ones
- Lower collateral requirement
- Lower risk premium
- Additional support and expertise
- Recognition of qualitative factors in risk analysis
- Geographic coverage of all SMEs

ADDED VALUE...

FOR BANKS

- **Reduction of its risk exposure**
- **Increase** of lending activity
- **Positive effect** of guarantees on the capital requirements in many countries
- Additional **expertise** results in **stronger decision**
- **High level of liquidity** of guarantee in case of default

PRACTICAL EXAMPLE

INVEGA / Lithuania

- **FI** “*Guarantees for start-ups*” under the Holding Fund “Entrepreneurship Promotion Fund” – instrument financed from reflows (returns from the FI financed from ESIF, 2007-2013 programming period):
 - since June 2016
 - guarantees provided until 31 October 2023
- **Budget:** EUR 8.3m
 - 80% counter-guarantee on INVEGA’s commitments under individual guarantees
 - Individual guarantee:
 - Guarantee rate - up to 80% of the credit to SME operating <1 year
 - Max loan amount - EUR 25 000
 - Guarantee premium - 1%
 - Purpose - for investment or working capital loans
- **FI manager:** INVEGA
- **Responsible ministry:** Ministry of Social Security and Labour of the Republic of Lithuania

Further examples on AECM members’ guarantee projects can be found in our [Best practice guarantee projects](#)